

Abstract

The present invention determines the fair market value of a company based upon the company's fundamental financial data. The invention does not rely upon time series valuation data for the company being evaluated and can be applied to privately-held companies as well as publicly-traded companies. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, a neural network is trained to learn nonlinear interpolation relations mapping a company's fundamental financial data to a fair value. Preferably, information regarding endpoints for a range of values that represent valuations of the company within a predetermined confidence level is also provided

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